

TRIBUNE PRIZE STRAWBERRIES.

Notice to Subscribers.

About the 10th of September I shall commence sending to such of the subscribers of the Tribune as have specially ordered them, the "Prize Strawberry Plants" to which they are entitled, and to no others, until further orders, and continue as rapidly as possible until all are sent out. But owing to the immense quantity required, it will not be possible to pack and send all of them in one day or one week; yet I hope to pack them all within the month.

Hach Club will receive their plants in one package, unless the Club is very large; in such cases, they will be put in two or more packages. The names of those entitled to them will be enclosed with the plants, and a sufficient number will be sent to allow each subscriber one plant of each of the three varieties. Each variety will be labeled by numbers, instead of the names being written in full. No. 1 is Col. Elsworth, No. 2 Monitor, and No. 3 Brooklyn Scouting.

So soon as the plants are received they should be unpacked, and if at all dry and withered they should be dipped in water and then placed in a dark place for a few hours until they revive.

PLANTING.

Choose a dry situation for the reception of the plants, dig the soil deep and make it moderately rich if it is not so already. Spread out the roots carefully, and cover them as deeply as you can without covering the crown of the plants; press the soil firmly about the roots; then give them a good soaking with pure water, after which place something over them for a shade, but do not lay it down on the plants, but have it elevated a few inches above them. Give them water as often as they require it, but not enough to cause them to rot. At the approach of cold weather, or so soon as the ground begins to freeze, cover the plants with some straw or hay to the depth of two inches, and allow it to remain on them until the ground thaws in the Spring. I shall endeavor to pack the plants that they will arrive at their destination in safety, and if the above directions are fully complied with, the subscribers to the Tribune will have an opportunity of tasting next season three varieties of superior strawberries. A. S. FULLER.

Announcements.

Nible's Garden, which was closed on Tuesday on account of the sudden illness of Mr. Wheatley, will be reopened to-morrow (Saturday) night, when the regular Fall Season will be inaugurated by the performance of "The Merchant of Venice." Mr. Bandmann will be in his celebrated role of Shylock. Mr. Bandmann will be followed by Mr. Forrest, after which there will be two Bandmann nights a week and four Forrest nights. Mr. Forrest will open on Monday in "Richelieu," and on Tuesday Mr. Bandmann will appear as Narcissus in a tragedy of that name, transplanted and translated for him from the German.

The announcement that Mrs. Bowers would play in "Camille" drew an immense house at the Winter Garden on Wednesday evening, and her performance of the heroine, though lacking at times in power, and not marked by any particular originality beyond its entire freedom from everything gross or vulgar, indicated great artistic ability, and must be recorded as one of the most brilliant successes of the season. The other characters in the play, with one or two exceptions, were well enough travestied to be funny, and that, in hot weather and from an unimproved company, is about all that could be expected. "Camille" will be played to-night for Mrs. Bowers's benefit—also to-morrow night; after which we have to bring Brougham's new drama of "Lady Andely's Secret," for which, not to be denied for the time, Mr. Bland has engaged the services of several ghosts.

Meanwhile, the best ghost-show is at Wallack's, where neither the excellent singing of Mrs. Watkins nor the excellent preaching of Mr. Watkins, nor the energetic acting of Mr. Hind, is sufficient to divert the attention of the house to things terrestrial.

The second Summer-Night Festival of that learned, but jolly body of singers, known as the "German Liederkranz of New York," will take place this (Friday) evening at Jones' Woods.

Nizioni's "Alhambra Pavilion," opposite the Academy of Music, will be opened to the public on Monday evening, the show to consist of a hodge-podge of Arab gymnasts and a squadron of native and imported equestrians.

The Sioux and Winnebago warriors, with their charming squaws and what not, continue on show at Barnum's, and if not devoured by the monster Python when he vanishes up, will go through their war-dances pipe-dances, &c., there until the end of next week.

The marvelous optical illusions produced by Fallon's Stereoscope, and which far exceed both in beauty and interest any mere spectral show, may be seen at Irving Hall in great variety every night in the week.

Obituary.

WATERMAN DAVIS.

The death of Dr. Major Waterman Davis, at Baton Rouge, La., on the 1st day of August, 1863, deserves more than a passing notice. In the War of 1812 he was among the first to respond to the call for volunteers. He served during that war in the regiment of Col. Farand Stranahan, raised in and about Orange County. Major Davis took part in the battle of Queenston Heights. He had early in the war attained the rank of Drum-Major. At the breaking out of the present war, although then 66 years of age, he was among the foremost in recruiting in Monroe County, with a fine Martial Band, of which he was leader, being at every war meeting, and his voice at every opportunity was raised on the side of loyalty to the Government. In August, 1861, he joined the "Old 13th" N. Y. Vols., having received an appointment as Drum-Major. In front of Washington for eight months he taught the drummers of many of the new regiments that lyed by. The result of his teaching has been heard on many hard fought fields. In the Summer of 1862, he was discharged by reason of sickness. In the Fall of 1862 when the call for "600,000 more" came, he sat at once threw himself into the work of recruiting, and after about two months arduous work in that capacity, he received an appointment of Drum-Major of the 13th N. Y. V., raised at Auburn. His regiment was ordered to join Gen. Banks's Army at New Orleans, and the "Old Drum Major of two wars" was with his regiment in all the field operations of Gen. Banks's Army, from New Orleans to the taking of Port Hudson. The last letter received from him by his family (which resides in Brockport, Monroe County, N. Y.), expressed a determination to see the fall of Port Hudson, then resign and return home. That event found him, however, so much prostrated, that he could only be removed to Baton Rouge, where he died as above stated, at the age of 66 years.

Naval Movements.

OFFICIAL INSPECTION OF LOCAL IRON-CLADS.—The Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Fox, arrived in this city on Tuesday evening, for the purpose of inspecting the different iron-clad vessels now in progress in this city and neighborhood, with the view to ascertain how soon they could be ready for sea, and particularly with the intention of endeavoring to have the iron-clad battery Onondaga completed as soon as possible, probably with the determination of having her assist Admiral Dahlgren should she be ready in time. On his arrival here he was waited upon by several naval officers, and by some contractors for iron-clads, and by Rear Admiral Gregory. He yesterday visited Greenpoint where the Puritan, Onondaga and Cohoes are in progress. He examined minutely every part of the great ocean frigate, and expressed himself well pleased with the progress of the work. He then went on board the Onondaga which was launched some time since, and which is now lying off the wharf. Here he spent some time looking at the different departments of the vessel, and offering suggestions as to the arrangement of the interior. It is said that he did not leave the vessel to have all available hands put to work, and day on this vessel for the purpose of this finding will be soon carried on the evening.

He had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjutant, at Kansas City, the night before the attack on Fort Donelson, and did not leave the vessel until the next day. He then went to Dover Ferry, about twenty-five miles west of this place, and ten miles east of Lawrence. At noon on Saturday he was only ten miles south of Donelson, when he met the rebel gunboat, the Little Duck, which he had to run past. The rebels turned and charged on him, and drove him about a mile. Ewing had a telegram from his Adjut